

GRAULE

Operating Instructions

Radial Arm Saw

Type ZS 135 - ZS 170



„Wood dust certificated“
Test number 971049

CE

GRAULE Maschinenbau GmbH - Robert Bosch Str. 7 - D 73431 Aalen

EC Declaration of Conformity

**In accordance with the EC Directive on Machinery
(EC Directive 2006/42/EG)**

Hereby the manufacturer
GRAULE Maschinenbau GmbH, Robert-Bosch-Straße 7, D-73431 Aalen - Germany
assures that the machine

Description of the machine: RADIAL ARM SAW

Machine type: ZS 135 and ZS 170

Machine number: _____

Year of construction: _____

is conform with the EC Directive on Machinery 2006/42/EG.

Applied harmonized standards in particular which were used at construction and building of machines:

- EN ISO 12100-1 Safety of machinery; Basic concepts, general principles for design – Part 1
- EN ISO 12100-2 Safety of machinery; Basic concepts, general principles for design – Part 2
- EN ISO 13850 Safety of machinery; Emergency stop – Principles for design.
- EN ISO 13857 Safety of machinery; Safety distances to prevent hazard zones being reached by upper and lower limbs
- EN ISO 60204-1 Safety of machinery; Electrical equipment of machines – Part 1

Name of the authorized person to compile the relevant technical documentation at GRAULE GmbH

Date/ Manufacturer's signature: Aalen January 2015



.....
R. Graule
(Managing Director)

1.

1.1 Producer

GRAULE - Maschinenbau GmbH

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1.2 Technical dates

for Radial Arm Saw typ ZS 135 / ZS 170

sawblade diameter	350 / 420 mm
bore	30/40 / 40 mm
cutting range :	
cross-cut 90°	430 / 410 mm
mitre cut 45°	300 / 290 mm
cutting height at 90°	135 / 170 mm
mitre range horizontal	45° - 90° - 25°
dust tube diameter	95 mm
weight	100 / 110 kg
motor 3 phases	380-400 Volt , 50 Hz , 2 kW
revolutions	3800 / 3500 rpm

1.3 Noise coefficient (DIN 45635)

for Radial Arm Saw typ ZS 135 / ZS 170

Schalleistungspegel:

idle motion	95,7 / 100,3 dB(A)
in works	95,4 / 98,6 dB(A)
Arbeitsplatzbezogener Emissionswert:	
idle motion	81,8 / 87,5 dB(A)
in works	82,3 / 84,5 dB(A)

2. Standart delivery

Radial Arm Saw without saw blade and without stand

wrench no.17 for changing saw blade

distance ring 30/40 mm at typ ZS 135

extra insert for wooden table

3. Accessories (option)

for Radial Arm Saw typ ZS 135:

tct saw blade for wood 350 x 4,0 x 40 mm 42 t neg.

tct saw blade for wood 350 x 3,2 x 40 mm 72 t neg.

tct saw blade for upvc and aluminium 350 x 3,5 x 40 mm 108 t neg.

for Radial Arm Saw type ZS 170:

tct saw blade for wood 420 x 4,0 x 40 mm 48 t neg.

tct saw blade for upvc and aluminium 420 x 3,5 x 40 mm 100 t neg.

for both machine types:

stronger motor 3 kW

stand

hydraulic feed control (hydro check cylinder)

pneumatic spray attachment

pneumatic clamp set

manuel clamp for left hand side

roller guide 300 mm wide, 2 mtr., 3 mtr. oder 4 mtr. long

roller guide including scale and length stop 300 mm widet, 2 mtr., 3 mtr. oder 4 mtr. long

extra fence for cutting small angles

digital read out for the angles

4. Safety devices

With locking device, below the operational grip, block the tool slide into its rear

position, to prevent pulling forward unintentionally. The saw blade is then perfectly located in the lower saw blade protecting hood.

The material wooden supporting table with the insert and the vertical back stop shoulder must always be in good condition. Defective tables and stop shoulders must be replaced.

Return spring device, which withdraws the tool slide into its rear starting position after a saw cut, must be immediately replaced in case of breakage. The saw must not be operated when the return spring device is faulty.

The ball-type nipple guide must be cleaned at regular intervals, so that the guiding elements may run smoothly and the tool slide may be pulled back independently into its rear starting position through the return spring device.

Lower saw blade protecting hood must be correctly set, so that the saw blade is entirely covered in its lower area. Switch off the machine (disconnect the mains plug!) to remove residual material fragments which might be got stuck.

CAUTION: Do not operate the machine if parts are damaged! Faulty parts must be immediately replaced and in the meantime the machine must be stopped!

5. Qualified application.

Circular cross-cut and mitre-box saws type ZS 135 or ZS 170 may only be used for professional cutting into sections or mitre cutting of following materials: wood with a rectangular or square cross section, strip cutted panel materials, like particle board, wood core plywood and Mdf-boards which are made fit for the cutting range, plastic profiles (duroplastic and thermoplastic) and, in connection with hydraulic feed brakes, hollow extruded aluminium profiles up to a wall thickness of approx. 4 mm . Profiles must have a safe support. Profile sections must be adapted to the machining range. The saw blade must match the material to be cut.

A qualified application also requires that the saw blade has a negative effective cutting angle.

Any other different application shall be regarded as unsuitable and the manufacturer assumes no responsibility for resulting damages of any kind. The risk shall be taken by the user alone.

The use of HSS-(high-speed steel) saw blades and cutting-off wheels is not allowed.

The machine must be connected to a large exhaustion plant.

During operation the machine must have a safe location.

A qualified application also requires that the manufacturer meets all specified operation, maintenance and repair conditions, as well the operation and safety regulations of the working instructions.

6. Other risks

Owing to the purpose of application of the machine design, the following remaining risks may arise, even after taking all necessary safety precautions and despite a qualified application:

- Touching the saw blade during the cutting operation.
- Slinging away of small wood fragments.
- Breaking and slinging out of saw blade parts.
- Damage to hearing during a long operating time without ear protection.
- Emission of harmful dusts during operation without an exhaustion plant.
- Danger of injury through the saw blade tooth when replacing saw blades.

7. Safety notes

The machine may only be operated and attended by people who are familiar with it and well informed about the dangers. Repairs may only be made by qualified staff.

The machine must be operated in line with all appropriate regulations for prevention of accidents as well as with the generally accepted requirements about safety and industrial medicine.

No warranty is given by the manufacturer for any damage resulting from unauthorized changes on the machine.

Improper use of high-speed machines can be dangerous! Therefore:

- Read the instructions for use carefully before operating the machine.
- Never work without the protective equipment as specified for each operation and do not change anything in the machine that could be detrimental to its safety.
- Children and young people are not allowed to operate the machine, except for young people under supervision of an expert for training purposes.

- Never work without a safety appliance or with a faulty machine or tool.
- Worn out material supporting tables must be immediately replaced.
- Use only circular saw blades allowed for this type of machine.
- The use of cutting-off wheels or circular saw blades out of high-speed steel (HSS) is not allowed.
- Do not use saw blades being cracked or modified in the shape.
- The machine must have a permanent and safe place and must stand horizontally.
- During repairs and when working to eliminate troubles disconnect the mains plug and wait until the saw blade stops. The same also applies when removing stuck splinters.
- Damaged cables and plugs must be immediately replaced.
- Always wear tight-fitting clothes. Take off any ring, bracelet, watch or chain when working.
- Wear safety glasses when cutting, to protect against chips being thrown around.
- Sound pressure at work place normally exceeds 85 dB (A).
Therefore, wear an ear protection when working.
- Start working only when the saw blade has reached its maximum speed.
- Do not machine any part being too small or too big for the capability of the machine.
- The machining of round woods or parts with an inadequate work support is prohibited.
- Work only with sharp tools.
- Do not work in a damp or wet environment, or in the surrounding area of combustible liquids or gas.
- Wood dust resulting from cutting the wood is harmful to the sight and sometimes to the health. If you do not work outside or in well ventilated rooms, the machine must be connected to a shavings exhaustor with at least a 20 m/s air speed. The same applies when machining plastic profiles, owing to formation of harmful steams when cutting at high speeds.
- Only an electrical specialist may work at the electrical parts of the machine.
- A regular cleaning of the machine, especially of leaders and material supporting tables represents a high safety factor. Before starting this operation disconnect the mains plug.
- Standing behind the machine during cutting is prohibited.

8. Starting and using the machine

8.1 Delivery and installation

After delivery, you should examine the machine at once to exclude "transport damage".

Should transport damages occur, inform the carrier at once.

Mount the machine on a sufficiently big table or console. A suitable machine tool table is available as an accessory.

Fastening is done through the three 9 mm diameter bore holes on the mounting plate.

Turn the 4 screw bolts M 8 down to the table plate and fasten them with the nuts.

If the material supporting table is dismantled, use the 6 flat head bolts to mount it.

Should the machine be equipped with a pneumatic material tension, a suitable valve should possibly be secured to the table board too.

During transport the saw carriage is locked into place by means of a knurled screw located at the guide carriage, on the right behind the motor. Loosen the knurled screw and unscrew approx. 1cm.

If the machine is equipped with a hydraulic feed brake (accessories), this can be pushed together during transport. In this case unscrew the locking screw which secures the brass tube in its mounting and push back the brass tube with its mounting as far as the retaining ring and then pinch it off again.

After releasing the locking device behind the operating handle, the saw unit can be pulled forward.

8.2 Electric mains supply

Connect to an electric network according to the voltage and frequency given in the nameplate!

Radial Arm Saw type ZS 135 and ZS 170 respectively, with a rotary current motor, are delivered with some 2mt cable. The connection to a network may only take place through a plug-in appliance type CEE-16A. All supply cords must be protected by fuse with 16A.

When viewing the saw blade from the side, the sense of rotation must be clockwise. If the sense of rotation is wrong you have to change two of the three electrical wires.

The electrical connection may only be made by an electrical specialist according to VDE (German electrical engineer association).

Motor make FLENDER-HIMMEL:

5 wires connecting cables:

black-black-brown = L1 - L2 - L3 (current-carrying). These must be connected to R-S-T;

blue = NEUTRAL

yellow/green = EARTH

If the neutral conductor is disconnected, the green switch button does not hold automatically.

A wrong connection causes the motor to overheat and possibly to burn out.

Motors are equipped with an electro-mechanical brake. A wrong connection causes the destruction of the rectifier. The brake does not release anylonger and the motor overheats when running.

8.3 Electrical switch with overload protection

The ON-OFF switch of the machine is mounted on the motor.

Green push-button: motor ON - red push-button: motor OFF

If the motor is overloaded or in case of power failure the machine switches off automatically. Only after the motor has cooled off or after the power has come back the machine may be switched on again.

8.4 Pneumatic connection

If the machine is equipped with a pneumatic material tension or a pneumatic saw blade spray appliance, it must be connected through an attendance unit to an air network with a compression of at least 6 bar. The tension pressure can then be adjusted through the attendance unit.

8.5 Shavings exhaustion

The machine must be connected to an exhauster by means of the rear exhaustion connection piece.

When cutting aluminium profiles, a shavings collecting bag out of cloth may also be installed.

8.6 Installation of the roller conveyor (option)

A 60 x 40 x 3 x 440 mm joint pipe is packed together with the roller conveyor. This joint pipe can be used for both left and right side installation of the roller conveyor on the machine.

By using both short hexagon socket screws, secure the joint pipe to the casting platform below the wood supporting table. The roller conveyor will then be secured with the first transverse bar to the joint pipe, using two hexagon socket screws. The enclosed support foot must be laterally secured to both longitudinal rails in the rear one-third. After adjusting both elevation and alignment of the roller conveyor, screws must be tightened again.

8.7 Selecting and replacing the saw blades

On cross-sectional saws with extension arms only saw blades with negative effective cutting angle may be used! An effective cutting angle from -3° to -5° is appropriate.

Select a HM-circular saw blade fitting to the material to be cut. See list of accessories.

DISCONNECT THE MAINS PLUG when replacing the saw blade! By using the handwheel for the elevation adjustment, lift up the saw slide so that the saw blade may run free above the material supporting table. Pull the saw unit completely forwards and stop it there by means of the knurled screw at the guide carriage behind the motor. Remove the left saw blade protection hood. Stop the saw blade by putting across a wood lath and open the saw blade straining screw to the right. Caution: the straining screw has a left thread! Insert the saw blade. Place the face chuck in such a way that the locking pin of the saw blade flange grasps into the bore holes of the face chuck. Make sure that the clamping surfaces on the saw blade flange, saw blade and face chuck are clean and free from dust. Tighten the straining screw and mount the protection hood.

8.8 Hydraulic feed brake (option)

The hydraulic feed brake prevents the saw blade to be pulled into the cut material. Adjust the feed speed with the knurled brass screw at the valve block. Select the speed in such a way that the saw blade can easily cut the material.

The liquid in the feed brake is a drilling oil emulsion with a ratio of mixture 1:40 with water.

Do not close the screw cap of the liquid container completely, so that the air may stream in and out. If an insulating air cushion builds up in the tube of the hydraulic feed brake, you must open the choker screw turning approx. 3 times and pull the tool slide quite to the front a few times, so that the air cushion will be squeezed out of the tube. Then adjust again the choker screw.

8.9 Pneumatic saw blade spray appliance (option)

Release the saw blade spray appliance using the lever valve beside the pull handle. Adjust the spray nozzle by means of the knurled screw at the orifice hood in such a way that there will be a light smoke-screen on the saw blade. No banked-up water level must build up on the machine. As to the liquid for the spray appliance, it is a customary coolant and lubricant, adequately diluted, for metal finishing.

8.10 Pneumatic material tension (option)

The cut material should always be tensed as near as possible to the cutting line. Make always sure that the cylinder retaining arm never lies on the cutting line. Adjust the clamping cylinder leaving max. 5 mm air between the cut material and the pulled in thrust piece of the clamping cylinder. SQUEEZE DANGER! The air pressure must fit the material to be tensed. The material to be tensed must not be compressed. The use of suitable additions is recommended. The valve for the pneumatic material tension is on the right in front of the material supporting table.

8.11 Mitre adjustment

There are adjusting dead stops for 90° and 45° . Intermediate mitres can be adjusted at your choice according to scales.

Horizontal mitre adjustment: release the back lower clamping lever. The machine may now be swivelled to the left. To adjust the mitre to the right, pull up the stop pin in the oscillating crank, so that the 90° cam can be overrun. After adjusting the mitre, the oscillating crank must be stopped again by means of the clamping lever.

8.12 Elevation adjustment

You can adjust the elevation of the saw blade by means of the handwheel. For this purpose lightly loosen the wing screws which press on the vertical supports and tighten them again after adjusting. Adjust the elevation of the saw blade so that it may cut approx. 5-8mm deep in the wood platform. The depth gauge for this adjustment is on the support block behind both vertical pillars for the elevation adjustment.

9. Working notes

Check the elevation adjustment and verify the clamping of the mitre adjustment.

When sawing, the material must be placed on the back stop shoulder and must be held there with the left hand or else it must be cramped with the pneumatic material tension. The residual length to hold on must be at least 250 mm. Also carefully control the cut direction! The holding hand or the clamping cylinder must lie outside the cutting plane. With the right forefinger release the locking device behind the pull handle and pull forward the saw slide through the material with the arm stretched, but not too fast. The feed speed must fit the material to be cut.

Never saw from the front to the back!

The cut parts should not be too short, otherwise there is a risk that they are caught and flung back by the saw blade teeth. During cutting, standing behind the machine is prohibited!

When cutting open profiles the self-supporting web or leg must be placed to the back towards the stop shoulder or must be placed down. If this is not possible, the profile must be toughened with an addition. When cutting aluminium profiles the saw blade must always be greased with a lubricating stick, if there is no saw blade spray appliance.

10. Maintenance

Round rods of the ball-type nipple slaving must be cleaned daily to remove all splinters.

We recommend to lightly grease the blank parts from time to time.

Saw blades for wood must be regularly deresinified. When using saw blades for aluminium, remove any residual material from the tooth spaces.

11. Eliminating faults

When eliminating faults always disconnect the mains plug!

The rotary current motor becomes very hot:

The motor runs only at 2 phases. The brake does not release.

Rubbing noise when the saw blade comes to a stop:

A chipping has got stuck between the protective device at the top or at the bottom and the saw blade.

The motor switches off when idle running:

Voltage loss. The motor does not start again automatically because of the undervoltage protection. The motor must be switched on again after the voltage has recovered.

The motor switches off when overstressed:

The overstress protection switches off the motor. The motor was overstressed. Edgeless saw blade: the feed motion is too big.

The motor may only be switched on again after cooling.

Burns at cut places on wood:

Unsuitable or blunt saw blade.

The saw blade seizes up tightly into the cut material:

Saw blade is blunt or feed motion too fast. Use a saw blade with a negative frame angle.

Give more choke to hydraulic feed brake.

12. Guarantee

We assume legal liability for material and manufacturing defects to the exclusion of following wearing parts: return spring, electric switch inset, motor brake, V-belts, as well as damages due to overload breakage.

13. Appendix

Spare parts list

Electric wiring diagram

Pneumatic diagram

Change belts

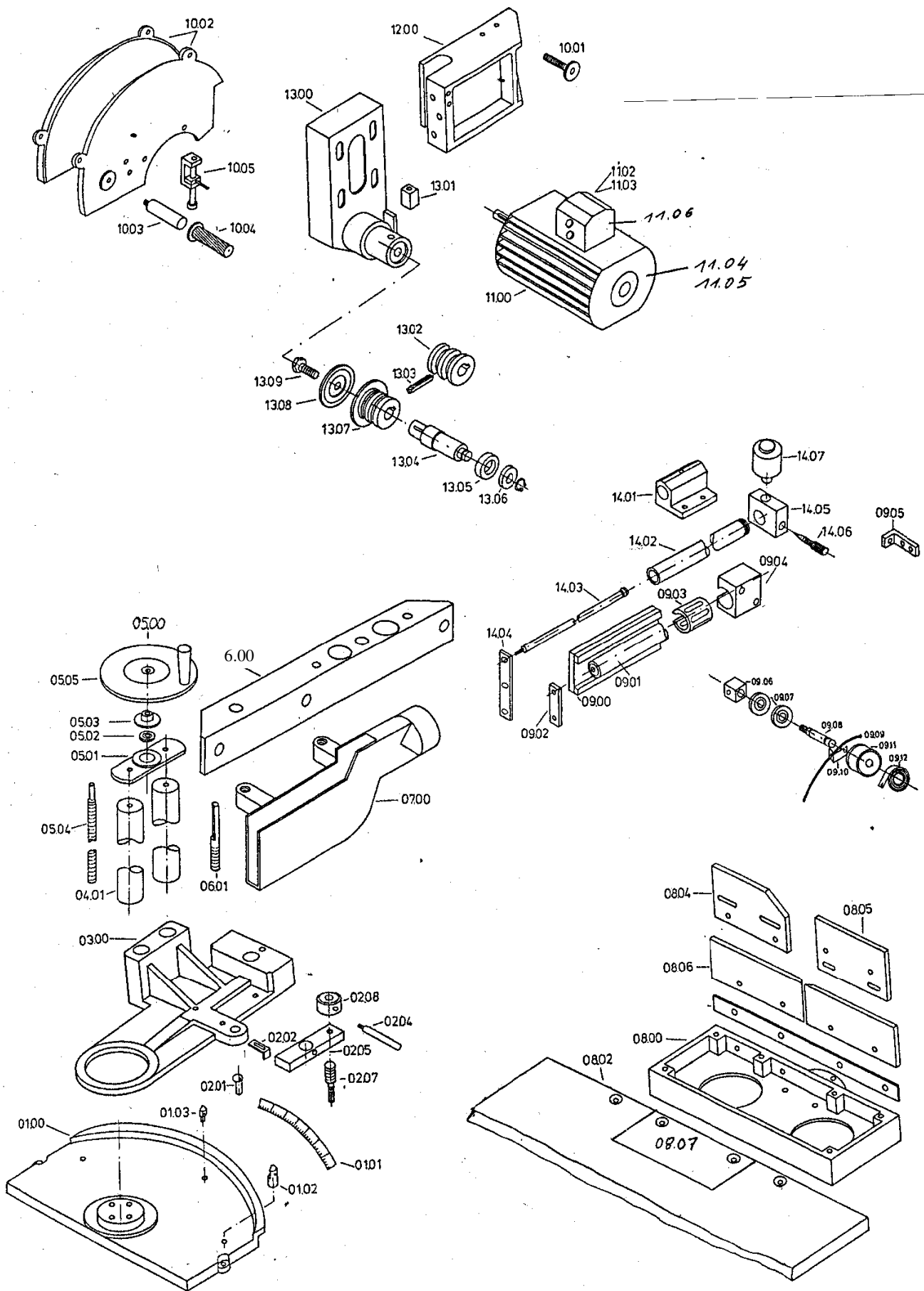
Spare part list Radial Arm Saw Type ZS 135 und ZS 170

IMPORTANT: Please tell us the type of the machine you need the parts for !!!!

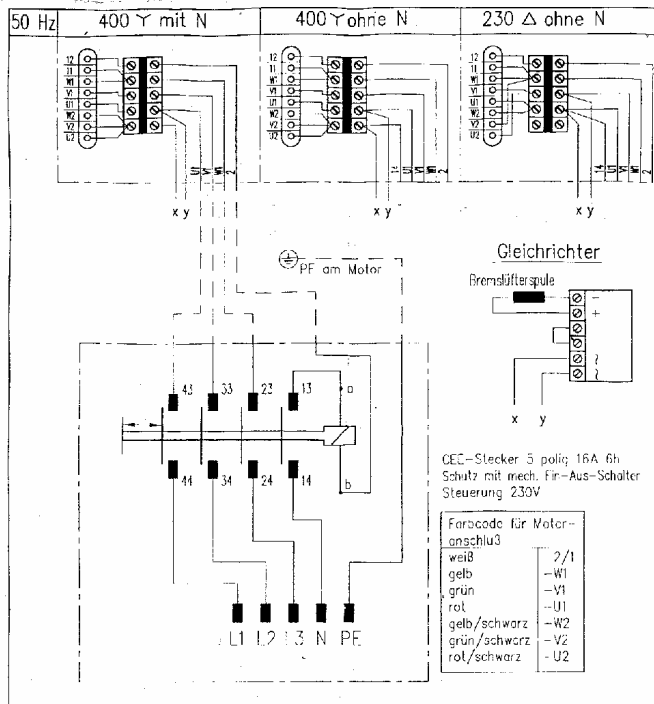
Part. no.	Order no.	Part
01.00	04100100	basic plate
01.01	04100400	scale horiozontal (2 pieces)
01.02	04100100	90° and 45° stop cpl. with adjusting screw
01.03	04100300	45° stop cpl. with adjusting screw
02.01	04110300	bolt 15 mm diameter
02.02	01110700	pointer
02.04	04110404	grip D 10 / M8
02.05	04110501	clamp
02.06	04110401	bolt M10 x 65
02.07	04110502	bolt TR 16
02.08	04110503	nut TR 16
03.00	04110100	swivel arm
04.01	04130201	pillar, grinded 35 mm diameter
05.00	04150000	spindel cpl.
05.01	04250101	bearing plate #8-A
05.02	04150102	bearing 28 mm diameter
05.03	04150104	ring
05.04	04150200	spindel M16
05.05	04150301	handwheel cpl. with handle
06.00	04140100	support
06.01	04230500	bolt M12 (set)
07.00	042300..	cover for blade, downside, aluminium
08.00	04120100	table
08.02	04126000	table, wood cpl. with insert
08.03	04120700	distance strip
08.04	04120201	steel - shoulder left hand side
08.05	04120300	steel - shoulder right hand side
08.06	04120600	aluminium shoulder left and right side
08.07	04126001	insert piece for wood table
09.00	04160101	C-carrier, steel
09.01	04160102	gliding shaft 20 mm diameter
09.02	04160103	strip
09.03	04180202	roller bushing 20 mm diamter
09.04	04180201	support for roller bushing
09.05	04170100	steel angular
09.06	04170300	steel square
09.07	04150102	bearing 6001 ZZ
09.08	04170501	shaft
09.09	04170502	steel rope
09.10	04170503	angular for rope
09.11	04170504	pulley cpl.
09.12	04170505	spring 25 mm wide
09.13	04170500	spring installation cpl.
10.01	04180300	bolt M 8
10.02	042200..	top - cover 2 parts
10.03	04220200	bolt 21 x M10
10.04	04220300	grip, rubber
10.05	04220400	stop installation cpl.
11.00	042100..	motor
	..01	2 kW 400 v cpl. with cable and switch

or

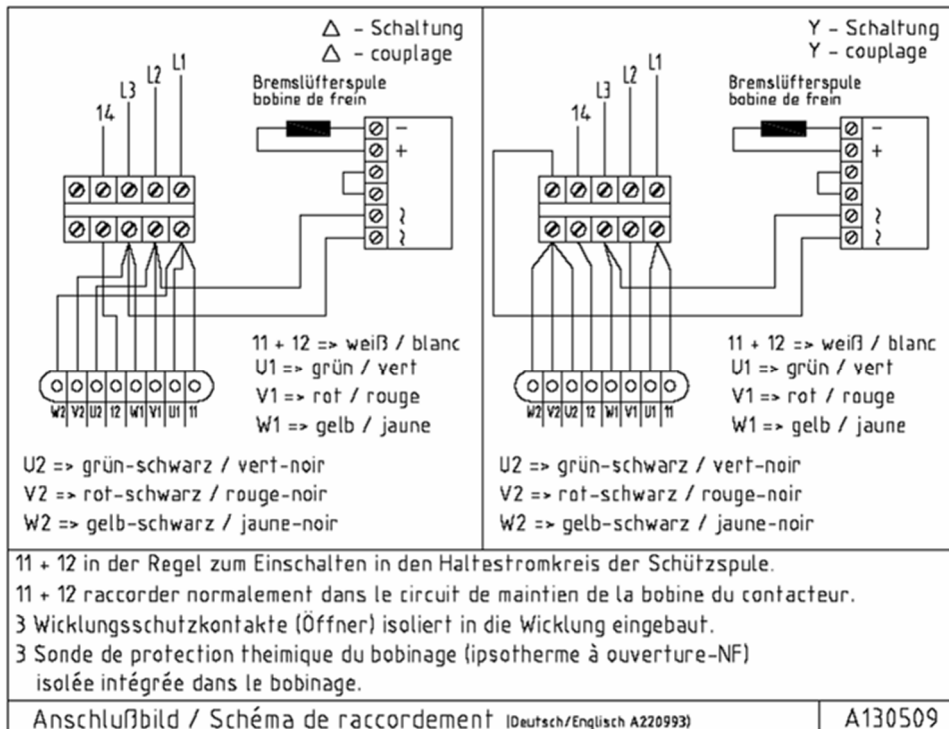
11.02	..02	3 kW 400 V cpl. with cable and switch
11.03	04210100	EIN/AUS-switch cpl.
11.04	04210101	relais
11.05		cover for van (type of motor ?)
11.06		van (type of motor ?)
13.00		rectifier for motor brake
13.01	04200101	gear box
13.02		steel square
13.03	04200300	belt pulley motorside
13.04	04200400	belt 7 M 500
13.05	04200206	shaft
13.06	04200202	bearing 6203 2RS
13.07		distanc-scim
13.08	04200203	pulley, 30 mm or 40 mm
13.09	04200204	clamp-disk
13.10	04200205	screw M 10 x 30 mm left
	04200200	shaft for blade cpl with pulley and bearings
hydro check cylinder : 50008 complete		
14.01		support
14.02		tube, brass (length ...?...)
14.03		piston rod (length ...?...) with sealing
14.04		strip
14.05		valve cpl. with tank
14.06		throttle screw with sealing
14.07		tank
14.08		set sealings 6 and 8 mm



Electric plan 400 V für Radial arm saw Type ZS 85 N bis ZS 170 N



11 + 12 in der Regel zum Einschalten in den Haltestromkreis der Schützspule.
 11 + 12 Normally connection with the retaining circuit of the contactor coil.
 3 Wicklungsschutzkontakte (Öffner) isoliert in die Wicklung eingebaut.
 3 insulated thermal protectors (breaker) fitted to the winding.

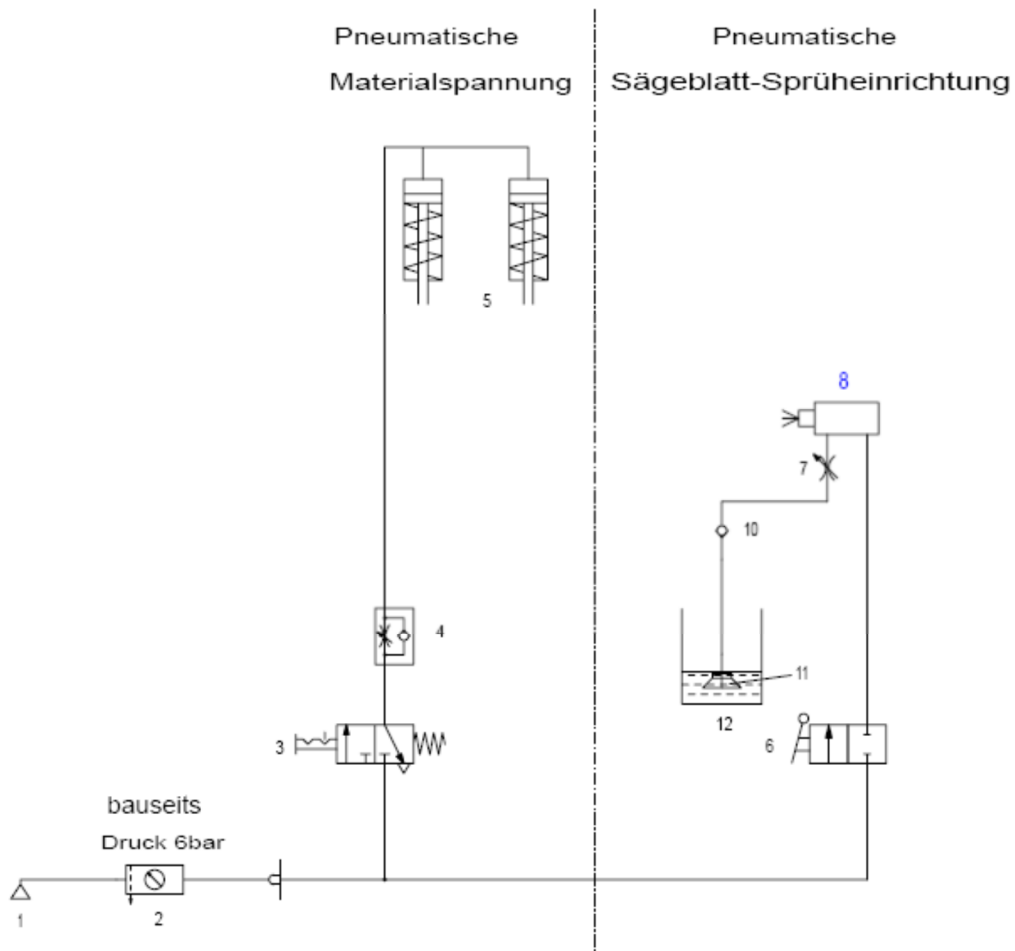


Anschlußbild / Schéma de raccordement (Deutsch/English A220993)

A130509

Pneumatic-plan für Radial arm saws Typ ZS 85 N bis ZS 200 N

- pneum. clamping
- pneum. Spray attachment



Bauseits:

- 1 Luftanschluss
- 2 Wartungseinheit

Pneumatische Materialspannung:

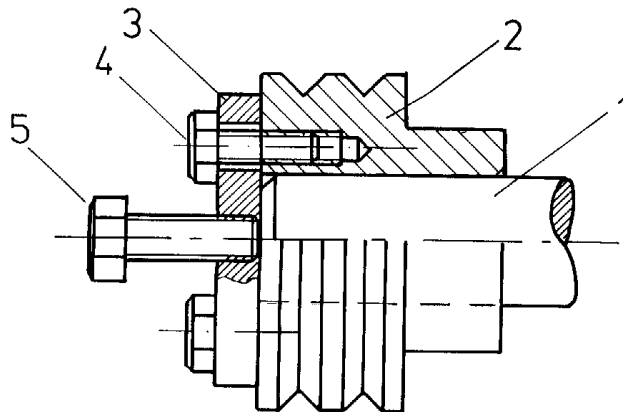
- 3 3/2 CAMOZZI Handhebel-Ventil 138-900-S01
- 4 Einschraub-Drosselrückschlagventil
- 5 Spannzyylinder 35/40 Hub 10 mm

Pneumatische Sägeblattsprüheinrichtung:

- 6 2/2 REXROTH Hebel-Ventil 0820404024
- 7 Einschraub-Drosselventil, Handverstellung
- 8 Sprühkopf
- 10 Rücklauf-Ventil in Saugleitung
- 11 Ansaugsieb
- 12 Flüssigkeitsbehälter 2 ltr

Change belts

- Netzstecker ziehen
- Sägeblatt demontieren
- Obere Sägeblattabdeckung demontieren
- Die vier M8 – Schrauben, mit welchen der Motor stirnseitig angeflanscht ist, lösen, sodass die Keilriemen durch Ablassen des Motors entspannt werden können. Dazu die Stütze unterhalb des Motors zurückdrehen
- Mitgeliefertes Flachmaterial „3“ mittels der beiden M8 – Schrauben „4“ an der oberen Riemenscheibe „2“ befestigen
- Mit M10 – Sechskantschraube „5“, Riemenscheibe „2“ von Motorwelle „1“ abdrücken
- Untere Riemenscheibe mit Sägeblattaufnahme mittels einer Abziehvorrchtung so weit nach vorne von der Sägeblattwelle abdrücken, bis Keilriemen abgenommen werden können
- Keilriemen nur paarweise wechseln !!!
- Keilriemen mit Gefühl spannen
- Nach dem Spannen der Keilriemen und dem Befestigen des Motors, muss die Motor-Stütze wieder etwas zurückgedreht werden, damit sie nicht gegen das Motorengehäuse drückt.



Construction of roller conveyor

